

Cognitive Distortions Clean Your Thinking, Increase Your Confidence

(Borrowed from Self-Esteem: A Proven Program of Cognitive Techniques for Assessing, Improving, and Maintaining Your Self-Esteem by Matthew McKay and Patrick Fanning)

Identify which ones are most prevalent in your thinking and your job is to clean up the dirty thinking by challenging the thought with a reality check...

Overgeneralization

From one isolated event, you make a general, universe rule. If you failed once, you'll always fail. Key words: never, always, all, every, none, no one, nobody, everyone, everybody

Global labeling

You automatically use pejorative labels to describe yourself, rather than accurately describing your qualities.

Example: I am failure, my degree is worthless, etc.

Filtering

You selectively pay attention to the negative and disregard the positive.

Key words: loss, gone, burnt, dangerous, unfair, stupid

Polarized thinking

You lump things into absolute, black and white categories, with no middle ground. Example: If I can't be calm, I'm hysterical. You have to be perfect or you're worthless.

Self-blame

You consistently blame yourself for things that may not really be your fault.

Example: God I'm so stupid, I'm sorry.

Personalization

You assume everything has something to do with you, and you negatively compare yourself to everyone else.

Example: Less smart than others, etc.

Mind reading

You assume that others don't like you, are angry with you, don't care about you, and so on, without any real evidence that your assumptions are correct.

Example: I just had a strong hunch, I just know, etc.

Control fallacies

You either feel that you have total responsibility for everybody and everything, or feel that you have no control, that you are helpless victim.

Examples: You're weak, you're hopeless.

Emotional reasoning

You assume that things are the way you feel about them.

Examples: You are what you feel.